## Information according to Art 10 SFDR

Name of the product: **ERSTE STOCK VALUE (CZK)** 

Legal entity identifier: 5299007V6PHFQU60VR61

ISIN: ATOOOOA2STH3, ATOOOOA2STG5;

For improved readability, for the purpose of this document, "Taxonomy Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2020/852, "Disclosure Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, and "RTS" means Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288.

### a) Summary

This financial product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective sustainable investment.

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

#### Information about the master fund:

Fund applies a broad interpretation of sustainability. Both environmental and social characteristics are promoted through the application of the Management Company's proprietary sustainability approach. This is ensured by the application of the Management Company's ESG toolbox as part of the investment process.

The sustainable investments that comprise part of this investment fund do no significant harm to the environmental or social sustainable investment objectives because this Fund invests in financial products that have been categorised as sustainable by the Management Company on the basis of the applicable sustainable investment process. This categorisation sets forth that the financial products may have no significant adverse impacts on environmental or social factors, as such a violation would preclude an investment based on the binding ESG characteristics of this investment process.

The Management Company takes into account the principal adverse impacts (PAI) on sustainability factors in the investment strategy of this Fund.

The Fund invests at least 51% of its assets in financial instruments that have been categorised by the Management Company as sustainable on the basis of a predefined screening process.

In the screening process, issuers of securities are assessed in terms of their environmental, social, and corporate governance risks. This analysis is completed on the basis of internal evaluation and using external research. These issuers must also comply with the exclusion criteria to be eligible for the Fund. The exclusion criteria that pertain to companies include human rights violations, child labour, forced labour, discrimination in employment and occupation, violations of the UN Global Compact, the manufacture and sale of controversial weapons, coal mining, electricity generation from coal, and the thermal conversion of coal. The Management Company may employ defined thresholds and operationalisation to facilitate the application of the exclusion criteria in terms of an identification limit and to ensure that the criteria have the desired effect. Only companies whose business policy demonstrates a sufficiently sustainable approach to the Management Company are categorised as sustainable. All individual securities issued by companies must meet the requirements for good governance at the time of purchase.

If a violation of the stated criteria becomes known after purchase, the affected financial instrument must be sold while protecting the interests of Unit-holders.

The Fund invests predominantly, in other words at least 51% of it assets, in equity of international companies that have been determined by the Management Company to offer attractive valuations (value) on the basis of a predefined screening process in the form of directly purchased shares, in other words not indirectly or directly through investment funds or through derivatives.

The Management Company also exercises an active ownership function when it makes direct investments in securities.

Data from external providers are also used when gathering sustainability related data for internal analyses.

The external data may be incomplete, imprecise, or unavailable at times. The providers of sustainability ratings also take different influences into account and apply different weightings, meaning that a company that is the target of an investment can have different sustainability scores. There is therefore the risk of a security or issuer being assessed incorrectly.

A proprietary rating model called ESGenius is used to limit this risk. In this rating model, the predominant sustainability approaches in the market (ethically oriented approach versus a risk view) are combined into an overall view during the analysis. Combining the different providers reduces any data gaps and also verifies the plausibility of the different approaches.

Due to the investment process and the measures taken to ensure the quality of the data, the Management Company assumes that the previously mentioned restrictions will not have a material negative impact on the environmental and social characteristics.

#### Information about the feeder fund:

No index has been designated as a reference benchmark for the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the investment fund.

Information on how the environmental or social characteristics of the Fund are promoted can be found in the annex to the prospectus or the Information for Investors pursuant to § 21 AIFMG.

Information on how the environmental or social characteristics were met and information on the overall sustainability-related impact of the Fund can be found in the annual reports of the Fund.

#### Summary - czech

Tento finanční produkt prosazuje environmentální nebo sociální vlastnosti, ale nesleduje cíl udržitelných investic.

Fond trvale investuje nejméně 85 % svých aktiv do podílových listů ERSTE STOCK VALUE (hlavní fond).

Informace o hlavním fondu:

Otevřený podílový fond ("Podílový fond") uplatňuje široký výklad udržitelnosti. V souladu s přístupem obhospodařovatele Podílového fondu investiční společnosti Erste Asset Management GmbH ("Investiční společnost") jsou prosazovány jak environmentální, tak sociální charakteristiky. To je v rámci investičního procesu zajištěno prostřednictvím softwarové aplikace Investiční společnosti s názvem ESG Toolbox.

Udržitelné investice, které tento finanční produkt částečně realizuje, významně nenarušují environmentální nebo sociálně udržitelné investiční cíle, protože tento fond investuje do finančních produktů, které byly investiční společností klasifikovány jako udržitelné díky uplatnění udržitelného investičního procesu. Z této klasifikace vyplývá, že finanční produkty nesmí mít významný negativní dopad na environmentální nebo sociální faktory, protože závazné charakteristiky ESG tohoto investičního procesu by v případě takového porušení neumožnily pořízení této investice.

V investiční strategii tohoto Podílového fondu Investiční společnost zohledňuje pro přímé investice a investice do investičních fondů Investiční společnosti nejdůležitější nepříznivé dopady na faktory udržitelnosti ("hlavní nepříznivé dopady" – "PAI").

Do majetku fondu budou minimálně do výše 51 % získávány finanční nástroje, které jsou na základě správcem fondu předem definovaného procesu výběru klasifikovány jako udržitelné. V rámci procesu výběru jsou emitenti jednotlivých titulů hodnoceni podle jejich ekologických, sociálních rizik a rizik spojených s vedením společnosti. Tato analýza probíhá prostřednictvím interního hodnocení a evaluace a rovněž na základě externího průzkumu. Aby bylo možné takto investovat, musí navíc tito emitenti obstát v rámci vylučovacích kritérií fondu. S ohledem na firmu se k vylučovacím kritériím počítá mimo jiné porušování lidských práv, dětská práce, vynucená práce, diskriminace v oblasti zaměstnávání a profese, porušování Global Compact OSN, výroba kontroverzních zbraní a obchod s nimi a

rovněž dobývání uhlí a výroba elektrické energie z uhlí a přeměna uhlí na elektrickou a termickou energii. Pro udržení operativní realizovatelnosti vylučovacích kritérií ve smyslu prokazatelné meze, resp. pro zabezpečení jejich cílové bezpečnosti, mohou být použity správcovskou společností definované prahové hodnoty a operacionalizace. Jako udržitelné jsou klasifikovány pouze ty firmy, v nichž obchodní politika správcovské společnosti dokáže identifikovat dostatečně udržitelnou orientaci. Všechny jednotlivé tituly emitované firmou musí k časovému termínu nabytí splňovat požadavky na Good Governance. Zjistí-li se porušení vůči uvedeným kritériím po nabytí, je nutno dotyčný finanční nástroj s ohledem na zachování zájmů prodat. Do majetku master fondu jsou převážně, tzn. minimálně z 51 % majetku fondu, získávány akcie mezinárodních firem, u kterých bylo na základě předdefinovaného procesu výběru správcovskou společností identifikováno atraktivní hodnocení (value), formou přímého nabývání jednotlivých titulů, tedy ne nepřímo nebo přímo prostřednictvím investičního fondu nebo prostřednictvím derivátů.

Správcovská společnost kromě toho sleduje při přímých investicích do cenných papírů také funkci Active Ownership.

Pro sběr dat spojených s udržitelností, která se následně použijí pro vlastní analýzu, jsou také brána v potaz data externích poskytovatelů.

Externí data mohou být mimo jiné nekompletní, nepřesná nebo nemusí být dočasně k dispozici. Poskytovatelé ratingů udržitelnosti navíc zohledňují nejrůznější vlivové faktory a nejrůznější specifikace, takže pro jednu a tu samou firmu, do které je v rámci investice investováno, mohou vycházet různá skóre udržitelnosti. Proto existuje riziko, že cenný papír nebo emitent nebude správně vyhodnocen.

Pro omezení tohoto rizika se používá vlastní ratingový model, ESGenius. V rámci tohoto ratingového modelu jsou v rámci analýzy do celkového pohledu slučována zaměření s ohledem na udržitelnost, která na trhu dominují (eticky orientovaný vklad vs. náhled na riziko). Kombinací různých poskytovatelů jsou redukovány eventuální mezery v datech, různé vklady jsou současně plausibilizovány.

Vzhledem k investičnímu procesu a opatřením přijatým k zajištění kvality údajů správcovská společnost předpokládá, že výše uvedená omezení nebudou mít významný negativní dopad na environmentální a sociální charakteristiky.

Informace o napájecím fondu:

Jako referenční hodnota pro environmentální a/nebo sociální charakteristiky podporované podílovým fondem nebyl stanoven žádný index.

Údaje k tomu, jak jsou podporovány ekologické nebo sociální znaky investičního fondu, lze nalézt v příloze k informačnímu prospektu, příp. v Informacích pro investoru dle § 21 AIFMG.

Informace o naplnění environmentálních či sociálních charakteristik nebo informace o celkovém dopadu investičního fondu na udržitelnost lze nalézt ve výročních zprávách investičních fondů.

### b) No sustainable investment objective

This financial product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective sustainable investment.

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

Information about the master fund:

Fund applies a broad interpretation of sustainability. Both environmental and social characteristics are promoted through the application of the Management Company's proprietary sustainability approach. This is ensured by the application of the Management Company's ESG toolbox as part of the investment process.

Exclusion Criteria			ESG Analysis / Best in Class						act	
Minimum criteria	Exclusion criteria	Norm-based Screening	ESG Risk Analysis	Best in Class	Integration	Engagement	Voting	Thematic funds	Focused sustainability Impact	Fulfill Austrian ecolabel or FNG label criteria
✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	Not applicable	

The sustainable investments that comprise part of this investment fund do no significant harm to the environmental or social sustainable investment objectives because this Fund invests in financial products that have been categorised as sustainable by the Management Company on the basis of the applicable sustainable investment process. This categorisation sets forth that the financial products may have no significant adverse impacts on environmental or social factors, as such a violation would preclude an investment based on the binding ESG characteristics of this investment process.

The Management Company takes into account the principal adverse impacts (PAI) on sustainability factors in the investment strategy of this Fund.

Consideration and reduction of key adverse impacts on sustainability factors (Principle Adverse Impact - "PAI") is accomplished through the following procedures and methods: Application of social and environmental exclusion criteria.

All 14 PAIs from Table 1 of the RTS, that apply to the investment fund were taken into account. The investment fund also takes the following PAIs from Tables 2 and 3, Annex I of the RTS into account:

- Indicator 8 (Table 2) Exposure to areas of high water stress (share of investments in investee companies with sites located in areas of high water stress without a water management policy)
- Indicator 14 (Table 3) Number of identified cases of severe human rights issues and incidents (number of cases of severe human rights issues and incidents connected to investee companies on a weighted average basis)

# Direct investments in securities and investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by the management company

Sustainable investments are made by applying the exclusion criteria described above and taking into account the ESG analysis of issuers following the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. Details on the relevant criteria are available on the following website: <a href="https://www.erste-am.at/en/private-investors/sustainability/publications-and-quidelines">https://www.erste-am.at/en/private-investors/sustainability/publications-and-quidelines</a>

## Investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by external management companies

All invested mutual funds managed by external management companies must be classified as either Art. 8 or 9 under the Disclosure Regulation or at least comply with the requirements for good corporate governance. This does not apply to invested government bond funds. How the sustainable investments comply with OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights can be found in the documents of the external management companies.

In the event that third-party funds are held, the indicators for the adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account in the manner defined by the respective manufacturers.

## c) Environmental or social characteristics of the financial product

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

#### Information about the master fund:

## Direct investments in securities and investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by the management company

The focus topics of the ESG analysis, selection process, and active ownership practices are adapted to the specific ESG risk profile of each issuer.

At the level of the Fund, the Management Company is pursuing the objective of achieving improvements in the following key environmental and social aspects through its proprietary sustainability approach:

- The environmental footprint of the investments held by the Fund, in particular
  - the carbon footprint and the mitigation of climate change in general, and
  - the water footprint and measures for the responsible use of the resource water.
- The avoidance of environmental risks
  - for the protection of biodiversitu
  - the responsible management of waste and other emissions
- Social factors such as
  - the exclusion of any investments in companies that produce or deal in controversial weapons.
  - the promotion of human rights and exclusion of issuers complicit in human rights violations.
  - the promotion of good working conditions, for example in the areas workplace safety and training, and the exclusion of issuers that are complicit in labour law violations, in particular of the core standards of the ILO.
  - the promotion of diversity and the exclusion of issuers that practice discrimination.
  - The avoidance of corruption and fraud.
- The promotion of good corporate governance:
  - the independence of supervisory bodies
  - management remuneration
  - good accounting practices
  - the protection of shareholder rights

## Investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by external management companies

All invested financial products managed by external management companies must be classified as either Art. 8 or Art. 9 under the Disclosure Regulation, or at least comply with good governance requirements. This does not apply to invested government bond funds.

Therefore the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by these investment funds are those declared by their respective producer in compliance with the Disclosure Regulation.

#### d) Investment strategy

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

#### Information about the master fund:

The Fund invests at least 51% of its assets in financial instruments that have been categorised by the Management Company as sustainable on the basis of a predefined screening process.

In the screening process, issuers of securities are assessed in terms of their environmental, social, and corporate governance risks. This analysis is completed on the basis of internal evaluation and using external research. These issuers must also comply with the exclusion criteria to be eligible for the Fund. The exclusion criteria that pertain to companies include human rights violations, child labour, forced labour, discrimination in employment and occupation, violations of the UN Global Compact, the manufacture and sale of controversial weapons, coal mining, electricity generation from coal, and the thermal conversion of coal. The Management Company may employ defined thresholds and operationalisation to facilitate the application of the exclusion criteria in terms of an identification

limit and to ensure that the criteria have the desired effect. Only companies whose business policy demonstrates a sufficiently sustainable approach to the Management Company are categorised as sustainable. All individual securities issued by companies must meet the requirements for good governance at the time of purchase.

If a violation of the stated criteria becomes known after purchase, the affected financial instrument must be sold while protecting the interests of Unit-holders.

The Fund invests predominantly, in other words at least 51% of it assets, in equity of international companies that have been determined by the Management Company to offer attractive valuations (value) on the basis of a predefined screening process in the form of directly purchased shares, in other words not indirectly or directly through investment funds or through derivatives.

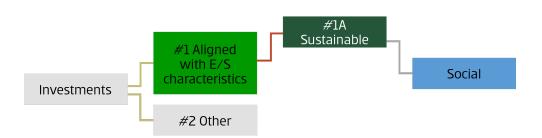
## Direct investments in securities and investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by the management company

The assessment of good corporate governance practices are determined by compliance with the exclusion criteria, the ESGenius minimum score (if available, or the Truevalue Labs minimum score, if applicable), and by checking for compliance with the UN Global Compact Principles.

#### Investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by external management companies

The measures for assessing the good governance practices of the companies in which these financial products invest are specified and disclosed by the respective manufacturer in accordance with the Disclosure Regulation.

## e) Proportion of investments



The Fund invests at least 51 % of the fund assets in sustainable investments in accordance with Article 2 number 17 of the Disclosure Regulation. This is ensured through compliance with the Fund's sustainability approach.

Under the investment strategy described in lit. b), investments are held in direct or indirect risk positions in companies.

## f) Monitoring of environmental or social characteristics

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

#### Information about the master fund:

The ESG criteria are complied with continuously in terms of the environmental, social, and ethical exclusion criteria as well as in relation to the ESG analysis for direct investments in securities and investments in investment funds (indirect investments) that are managed by the Management Company. This is ensured by the quarterly review and updating of the eligible investment universe of the Fund.

All invested investment funds managed by external management companies shall be officially classified as Art. 8 or 9 in accordance with the Disclosure Regulation by their manufacturer or at least comply with good governance rules. This is not applicable to invested government bond funds.

The monitoring of environmental or social characteristics is ensured by the investment process applied and a daily review of the investment fund by Risk Management.

## g) Methodologies

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

<u>Information about the master fund:</u>

## Direct investments in securities and investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by the management company

All issuers in which the Fund invests are analysed and selected before acquisition on the basis of a predefined sustainability process. The proprietary ESGenius process provides a comprehensive ESG analysis of each issuer based on its specific ESG risk profile and the measures taken to mitigate these risks. Based on the results of this analysis, the ESGenius rating, only those issuers that achieve a score of at least 30 of 100 possible points are eligible for investment based on an ESG-risk-analysis approach. This minimum score can be higher depending on the sector of the economy in which the issuer is active. All issuers are also evaluated for violations of the Fund's exclusion criteria. This excludes at least half of the analysed issuers from the eligible universe of the Fund. Furthermore, up to a maximum of 49% of the fund's assets can be invested in companies for which no ESGenius rating is available, but for which no violations of the UN Global Compact have been identified after analysis and research by ESG data providers on the one hand, and on the other hand, an ESG score of at least 30 as determined by Truevalue Labs. The combination of these two factors ensures that the requirements for good governance are met. The investment universe is assessed for compliance with these criteria at least once per quarter and updated as needed. Compliance with the eligible investment universe is verified daily. Securities from issuers that no longer meet the sustainability criteria of the Fund are sold while protecting Unit-holder interests.

Moreover, social, and environmental characteristics are promoted by applying exclusion criteria.

These are available on the following website:

https://www.erste-am.at/en/private-investors/sustainability/publications-and-guidelines

The Management Company also exercises an active ownership function. Through Engagement with issuers in the analysed investment universe, contributions are made to the improvement of the environmental and social performance of these companies.

#### Investments in investment funds (indirect investments) managed by external management companies

All invested investment funds managed by external management companies shall be officially classified as Art. 8 or 9 in accordance with the Disclosure Regulation by their manufacturer or at least comply with good governance rules. This is not applicable to invested government bond funds.

Therefore the objectives of the sustainable investments that these investment funds partially intends to make and the ways the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives are those defined by their respective producers.

#### h) Data sources and processing

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

Information about the master fund:

In addition to internal research based on information published by the issuers, data from external providers are also used when gathering sustainability-related data for the sustainability analysis.

The following data sources and providers are used, among others:

- MSCI ESG
- ISS ESG

- FactSet TrueValueLabs
- Sustainalytics
- ESGPlus

The careful selection of data providers and the consideration of data from different data providers ensures maximum data quality. For the investment funds that are managed by the Management Company, the data used are aggregated and analysed using the Management Company's proprietary sustainability approach (ESGenius) and/or additional research approaches of the Management Company. ESG data from the listed data providers may contain temporary estimates to a limited extent, depending on the type of sustainability-related data.

## i) Limitations to methodologies and data

The Fund invests at least 85% of its assets in units of ERSTE STOCK VALUE (the master fund) on a permanent basis.

#### Information about the master fund:

The external data may be incomplete, imprecise, or unavailable at times. The providers of sustainability ratings also take different influences into account and apply different weightings, meaning that a company that is the target of an investment can have different sustainability scores. There is therefore the risk of a security or issuer being assessed incorrectly.

A proprietary rating model called ESGenius is used to limit this risk. In this rating model, the predominant sustainability approaches in the market (ethically oriented approach versus a risk view) are combined into an overall view during the analysis. Combining the different providers reduces any data gaps and also verifies the plausibility of the different approaches.

Due to the investment process and the measures taken to ensure the quality of the data, the Management Company assumes that the previously mentioned restrictions will not have a material negative impact on the environmental and social characteristics.

## j) Due diligence

The Management Company has drawn up procedures for fulfilling its due diligence obligations relating to the underlying assets.

The due diligence procedure consists primarily of

- the regular review of quantitative requirements and limits in risk management using
  - positive lists and/or
  - negative lists
- additional supporting (quantitative) evaluations in risk management for verifying the plausibility of assumptions and further (relevant) information for management
- the review of the processes and documentation as part of the regular OP risk, ICS, and compliance audits

Procedures for taking the relevant financial and sustainability risks into account have been integrated into the Management Company's processes.

### k) Engagement policies

We understand active ownership to mean our responsibility to not only take sustainability criteria into account when selecting securities, but to also be an active investor that engages with the companies to promote measures that serve social responsibility, environmental protection, and enhanced transparency.

We differentiate here between engagement, in other words formal and informal dialogue with companies, and the exercise of voting rights at annual general meetings.

#### **Engagement**

As a committed investor, EAM seeks active dialogue with the management of relevant companies as part of its sustainability process where it holds direct investments. This puts the spotlight on weaknesses in the management of environment, social, and governance aspects and is intended to serve as a way to find a joint solution for improvement. Engagement is not only a question of responsibility, but also contributes to minimising risks and can thus improve long-term investment success. EAM can exclude companies that consistently refuse to enter into dialogue from the investment universe.

EAM employs three engagement strategies:

*Local engagement:* Promoting the integration of ESG criteria in management decisions of local and/or domestic companies through investor meetings/personal discussions.

Collaborative engagement: Combination of ESG interests with other investors to have a more powerful voice, especially with international corporate groups. International sustainability networks such as PRI and CRIC and the engagement service of a research services provider are used for this.

ESG dialogues: Promotion of the integration of ESG risks in management decisions of international companies via dialogues at the executive management level.

### Voting

Voting, i.e. the exercise of voting rights associated with directly held shares, is a central pillar of the active ownership approach.

More detailed information about the voting policy can also be found on EAM's website at https://www.erste-am.at/en/private-investors/sustainability/publications-and-guidelines

To ensure transparency and consistency in voting behaviour, the voting behaviour is reported regularly on the EAM voting portal.

https://www.erste-am.at/de/private-anleger/nachhaltigkeit/publikationen-und-richtlinien#/active-ownership

### I) Fixed reference value

No index has been designated as a reference benchmark for the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics.

## m) Information referred to in Article 8 of the Disclosure Regulation

Information on how the environmental or social characteristics of the Fund are promoted can be found in the annex to the prospectus or the Information for Investors pursuant to § 21 AIFMG.

### n) Information referred to in Article 11 of the Disclosure Regulation

Information on how the environmental or social characteristics were met and information on the overall sustainability-related impact of the Fund can be found in the annual reports of the investment funds.